Oxygen Saturation	Greater than or equal to 95%	0
	92-94%	1
	Less than 92%	2
Suprasternal Retraction	Absent	0
	Present	2
Scalene Muscle Contraction	Absent	0
	Present	2
Air Entry	Normal	0
	Decreased at base	1
	Decreased at the apex & base	2
	Minimal or absent	3
Wheezing	Absent	0
	Expiratory only	1
	Inspiratory (+/- expiratory)	2
	Audible without stethoscope or silent chest	3

**PRAM\*** Scoring Table

# **PRAM\*** Scoring Notes

THIS SIDE IS FOR HEALTHCARE PROFESSIONAL USE ONLY

(for Healthcare Professionals)

Muscle

Air Entry

Wheezing

Turn off supplemental O<sub>2</sub> when measuring PRAM for at least 1 Oxygen minute. If SpO<sub>2</sub> falls less than 92% Saturation turn O<sub>2</sub> back on immediately and score a 2 Suprasternal Visual assessment Retraction Scalene Assessment by palpation only Contraction

> The most severely affected lung field determines the score

At least 2 auscultation zones must be affected to influence the score

- **CHBC Pediatric Asthma Management Guideline: Highlights for Healthcare Professionals**
- Use MDIs and spacers with a mask or mouthpiece to give bronchodilators
- Give appropriate amount of bronchodilators as recommended by the care algorithms
- Use the PRAM score to assess the severity and progression of treatment
- Practice early administration of oral steroids
- Management algorithms are provided for asthma treatment based on severity as determined by PRAM score
- Signs of impending respiratory failure: lethargy, cyanosis, decreased respiratory effort

**CHBC Pediatric Asthma Management Guideline** is available on PHSA SHOP

This document is for guidance only and is not recommended as a substitute for the advice or professional judgment of a health care professional, nor is it intended to be the only approach to the management of a clinical problem, PRAM scoring and management is to only be completed by a health care professional in a medical setting. DO NOT UTILIZE THE CHBC PEDIATRIC ASTHMA MANAGEMENT GUIDELINE OUTSIDE OF HEALTHCARE SETTINGS.





This wallet card can be carried with you and shared with your health care provider when seeking help for your asthma

## On Discharge, Don't Forget My... Asthma Action Plan



Please create or update my Asthma Action Plan to ensure continued proper management of my asthma. Ensure my family and I understand:

- How much medicine to take (controller and reliever) and how to count doses so I know how much is left in my medicine.
- When to get help for my asthma
- How to use my MDI and spacer with mask or mouthpiece

#### **Asthma Education Video**



Using my Asthma Action Plan; my health care team or I can fill out my Wallet Card so it has the most up to date information!

# My Current Asthma Action Plan

Green Zone – Good Jse Controller Inhaler to Re Medicine (Name/Colour):	, .			
Puff/Dose: Puff/Dose:	Times Per Day: Times Per Day:			
A	ND			
Use Reliever Inhaler to Open Tight Airways (As Needed				
Medicine (Name/Colour): _				
Puff/Dose:	Times Per Day:			

#### Yellow Zone Caution (Take Action – Flare Up)

Keep Taking Controller Inhalers As Above in Green Zone to Reduce Airway Swelling and Use Reliever Inhaler to Open Tight Airways (As Needed):

Medicine (Name/Colour):

Puff/Dose: Times Per Day:

#### Red Zone – Danger (Take Action – Get Help)

Call 911 or Go To Nearest Emergency Department with Mask or Mouthpiece Immediately

Give 5 puffs of reliever medicine using spacer with mask or mouthpiece every 20 minutes on the way to hospital or while waiting for help

### Asthma Action Plan - Zones

#### Ages 1-5

No cough or wheeze with play, crying or at night
Not missing daycare/preschool
Parents are not missing work

#### Ages 6-17

I can sleep through the night
I don't need regular reliever medicine
I am not missing school or activities
I am active/can play sports
I am breathing well (no cough or wheeze)

#### All Ages

Getting a 'cold'

Cough, wheeze, or shortness of breath (especially at night)
Symptoms with play, activity and sports

Ages 6-17

• Using reliever medication more than 2 times a week

#### All Ages

Skin sucking in between ribs or base of throat
Coughing or wheezing non-stop
Skin is blue or gray in colour (and/or blue/grey lips or fingernails)

- Reliever medicine not lasting 4 hours
- Trouble walking or talking

Very tired or limp

# **Patient Information**

Name: \_

Date of birth: \_\_\_\_\_

Emergency contact:

Potential asthma trigger(s):

Date of most recent urgent care/emergency department visit for asthma:

Previous intensive care unit admission due to asthma

Previous intubation due to asthma



#### Date last prescription filled for:

Reliever: \_\_\_\_\_

Controller: \_\_\_\_\_