FACTS ABOUT YOUR CHILD’S HIPS
FOR CHILDREN WITH CEREBRAL PALSY

Children that are slow to stand and walk or need help to move are at risk of having hip displacement.

Hip displacement is when the ball of the hip moves out from under the socket. If not treated, the hip can move completely out from under the socket (dislocate).

1 in 3 children with cerebral palsy will have hip displacement.

Hip displacement may vary from mild to severe. When severe, it can cause pain and difficulty moving.

Hip surveillance is the plan for regular check-ups to watch for signs of hip displacement. It allows for earlier and simpler treatment.

A diagnosis of cerebral palsy is not required to be enrolled in hip surveillance. Cerebral palsy is a group of conditions with many causes.

For more information about the Child Health BC Hip Surveillance Program for Children with Cerebral Palsy, please ask your child’s physiotherapist, doctor, or visit www.childhealthbc.ca/hips.